opportunities to the fullest, to reform the rural economy and improve the social conditions of the rural population, and not just to declare the promotion of these processes.

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THE SYSTEM OF PUBLIC MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION IN THE SPHERE OF CIVIL PROTECTION IN MODERN CONTEXT OF EUROPEAN INTEGRATION IN UKRAINE

Y. NALYVAIKO, Graduate student

O.M. Beketov National University of Urban Economy in Kharkiv, Kharkiv, Ukraine

The governmental influence levers on the process of training the population to act in emergencies have not been studied enough and there are many questions regarding the directions of improving the effectiveness of the public administration system and administration of the process training of the population in the sphere of civil protection in modern conditions remain insufficiently researched.

Informing the population about actions in an emergency is one of the main tasks of the unified state system of civil protection and is regulated by means of public administration in the sphere of civil protection [1].

At the governmental level, educational institutions that conduct functional training in the field of civil protection have been identified, a list of positions for which this type of training is mandatory has been compiled, and the frequency of its completion has been determined. If the Training and Methodological Centers of Civil Protection and Life Safety provide free services to business units for the practical training of management and specialists, then functional training is carried out under a contract, that is, at the expense of funds of individuals and legal persons.

Currently, there are several types of emergency training programs for working citizens, depending on the functional responsibilities they perform.

First, general training programs provide for the study of information on the probability of occurrence and appropriate actions during emergencies. In parallel, within the framework of these programs, students must acquire skills in the use of individual and collective protection means and the provision of first aid to victims of armed aggression.

Secondly, special training programs are developed for specialists who are part of specialized services and civil protection units. During the training, such employees are acquainted with the duties entrusted to them, acquire skills in the use of equipment, devices, protective equipment and study the procedure and features of rescue and other emergency work.

Thirdly, these are additional training programs on technogenic safety intended for employees working at high-risk facilities in order to acquire in-depth knowledge about the sources of danger at the facility where they work, about hazardous substances used in the production process, which under certain circumstances can cause an emergency.

Fourthly, these fire and technical minimum programs are designed to train employees involved in work with increased fire hazard in order to increase the level of general fire and technical knowledge, study fire safety rules at work and practice actions in case of fire with the use of primary fire extinguishing equipment.

Fifth, these are programs of accelerated training of employees for actions in a special period are developed to teach ways to protect against the consequences of emergencies of employees who will continue to work at enterprises in wartime. Such programs are taught in the following cases introduction of civil protection plans for a special period [2].

Consequently, the analysis of the current level of civil protection of the population and territories from emergencies (in particular, the number of man-made, natural and social emergencies and their consequences) in Ukraine shows the presence of negative trends and incomplete compliance with the priorities of sustainable development of the country, which are declared by all strategic documents adopted at the state level in Ukraine in the current conditions of European integration, which requires a study of the issue of assessing the effectiveness and efficiency of public management and administration and the system of training and professional development of personnel in the field of civil protection in Ukraine.

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РОЗВИТОК МІСЦЕВОГО САМОВРЯДУВАННЯ В УКРАЇНІ В УМОВАХ ЄВРОПЕЙСЬКОЇ ІНТЕГРАЦІЇ

Л.В. ВОЗНЕНКО, аспірант кафедри політичних теорій Національний університет «Одеська юридична академія», м. Одеса, Україна

Для України євроінтеграція – це можливість модернізувати економіку, подолати технологічне відставання, залучити іноземні інвестиції та новітні технології, створити нові робочі місця, підвищити конкурентоспроможність