Thus, based on the foregoing it can be concluded that one of the main motives and tasks of the EU judicial system is to maintain order and peace, fair environment in the Union, by clearly defining the jurisdictions and powers of institutions and bodies, measures to prevent disputes among officials in the Union system.

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HUMAN TRAFFICKING AS A TRANSNATIONAL CRIME AND A GLOBAL PROBLEM

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Trafficking of human beings is the exploitation of children, women and men for profit. This is modern slavery. Human trafficking is a serious crime and a gross violation of human rights. It occurs all over the world and affects almost every country. According to the United Nations, it is considered the second source of illicit profits for organized criminals after those obtained from the drugs trade.

Today, 45 million people are in slavery around the world. This includes 10 million children. Human trafficking criminal industry continues to grow and generate more than \$ 150 billion a year. The International Organization for Migration estimates that 260,000 thousand Ukrainians have been trafficked since 1991. 90%, or the vast majority of affected Ukrainians have been exploited. Ukraine is seen as the country of destination, transit and supplier country.

Years ago, mostly girls were enslaved through sexual exploitation. Now the majority of those who fall into slavery – more than 60% – are men. 90% of victims fall into labour exploitation. This can happen to anyone and usually

looks like this: people are invited to work, documents are taken away, people are manipulated, threatened and forced to work. It is estimated that 68% of victims of trafficking have higher or technical education. At the same time, only 1-2% of victims are rescued, as it is difficult to track the actions of traffickers. Usually, people are tempted with offers of good work with a decent salary, with comfortable living conditions, the right to choose work or even getting married or an opportunity of getting a higher education.

The examples of modern slavery or human trafficking are numerous. One of the accidents happened in the Kherson region during the cultivation of tobacco. There were men and women of different ages, all living in the same barn. They slept on horrible mattresses made of hay. They had no access to civilization. Also, in the summer of 2018, about 30 Ukrainians in the Odesa region were freed from slavery. People were forced to work for free in a cannery.

Another example is connected with drugs trafficking. Criminals can traffic drugs or precious metals across the border. Once they recruited a Ukrainian woman and forced her to transport drugs across the border to Thailand, where is the death penalty for trade and transportation of drugs. The girl did not know what was in the bag. In Thailand, she was detained and arrested. She was sentenced to 25 years in prison.

Ukraine was among the first countries in Europe to establish criminal liability for human trafficking in 1998. The Criminal Code of Ukraine provides for the punishment of trafficking in human beings under Article 149 of the Criminal Code of Ukraine.

Human trafficking forms are:

- sexual exploitation,
- forced labour,
- criminal exploitation,
- debt bondage,
- child labour exploitation,
- "domestic" slavery,
- forced beggary,
- forced exploitation of people in military units,
- trafficking in children for the purpose of adoption.
- human trafficking for transplantation of organs and tissues.

In order not to be victims of modern slavery forms people who are in search of work in a foreign country are given reasonable advice as to make sure that an agency that offers work abroad operates legally. It is necessary to conclude an employment agreement prior to traveling abroad. The agreement then must be carefully read before being signed with one of the original copies remained in a person. Consultation with a lawyer who is not affiliated with a company that sends you abroad can be essential. An agreement should stipulate the terms of the work as well as accommodation, payment and medical insurance. Other pieces of advice are as follows: obtaining a work visa as tourist

visa does not entitle a person to work; drawing up a medical insurance; making at least two copies of all the documents: visas, passport, taking one set of copies with you, others leaving with the relatives; telling the relatives where you are going and with whom; leaving phone numbers, places of residence, etc. Also, it is good to arrange with the family that if you do not call at a certain time, this will mean that you are in danger. Before leaving, a person should know in advance and memorize the addresses and phone numbers of organizations that can help him or her in the country of entry. It is also good to learn a language of a country of destination.

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CONTEMPORARY PROBLEMS OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY. DEMOCRACY THROUGH THE LAW

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Democracy is a social and political system in which the government is elected by popular vote with the same weight of votes every few years. At the same time, the social community has the means and tools to influence power. This concept includes: independent judge, free media and transparent laws. Members of a democratic society have freedom of speech, to express their political views, to personally determine which choice to make, to choose a religion, or not to choose it at all.

The issue considered in the paper is Contemporary problems of the development of a democratic society. Democracy through the law. Well, let's reveal the essence of the issue for further work. "Modern problems of the development of a democratic society" – this part of the study requires us to identify, formulate, show, argue and make conclusions regarding the crisis and problematic moments that we can observe in the development of a modern democratic society and other aspects related to this. The second part of the study is "Democracy through law". In this part, we consider it necessary to disclose the issue of the possibility of ensuring democracy through the adoption of legislative acts stipulating the rights of citizens to participate in government, and